

Divine Healings

The miracles of Jesus can be grouped in different types of categories. For instance, there are miracles that involve **nature**: calming the storm, walking on water. There are miracles that deal with the **spirit** world: resurrections, demon possession. There were miracles done **on** Jesus: transfiguration, His resurrection, ascension. But of all the different "kinds" of miracles, the most recorded in the Bible were **healings** of physical handicaps, sicknesses and diseases.



Some Characteristics we need to Notice:

1. **Some that were healed had their sickness for a long time**
 - Issue of blood: 12 years
 - Bent double: 18 years
 - Crippled: 38 years
 - Blind: all of life (Jn 9:2)
2. **Some were in terrible pain**
 - Suffering great pain (Mt 8:6)
 - Full of leprosy (Lk 5:12)
 - Point of death (Mk 5:23)
3. **Some were children**
 - Twelve year old girl (Mk 5:42)
 - Boy who was very ill (Mt 17:15)
4. **Some had tried various forms of medical treatment without success (Mk 5:26)**
5. **Often Jesus healed more than one leper, or more than one blind person at a time, or, many other illnesses.**

Types of Healing by Jesus:

Diseases:

Leprosy (Lk 5:12-13; 17:11-19)
 Dropsy (a form of swelling) (Lk 14:2-6)
 Issue of Blood (Mk 5:25-29)
 Epilepsy (Mt 4:24)
 Fever (Mt 8:14-15)

Handicapped:

Deaf (Mk 7:31-37)
 Blind (Mt 20:29-34; Jn 9:1-7)
 Bent double (Lk 13:11-17)
 Crippled (Mk 2:1-12)
 Maimed (seems to be the result of accident or injury) (Mt 15:30)
 Withered hand (Mk 3:1-5)

Mt 4:23 "Jesus was going throughout all Judea...healing every kind of disease and every kind of sickness among the people."

Principles we see from the Divine Healings:

1. Healings were _____ (Isa 35:5-6; Lk 4:18)
2. This was the _____ given to John the baptist as who Jesus was (Mt 11:4-5)
3. Some did not _____ who healed them (Jn 5:13; 9:21, 25)
 - Jesus didn't _____ him His name
 - Jesus didn't ask for a commitment before He healed
 - Healings were not _____ to buy loyalty
4. Jesus used a _____ of ways to heal
 - say a w _____ (Mt 8:13; Jn 4:50; Mk 2:10-12)
 - lay h _____ and touch (Lk 4:40; Mt 9:29; Mk 1:41)
 - S _____ (Mk 7:33-35; 8:23; Jn 9:6-7)
 - t _____ the hem of His garment (Mt 14:36; Lk 8:44-48; Mk 6:56)

6. Jesus _____ healed many on the Sabbath
- withered hand (Mt 12:10)
 - bent double (Lk 13:14)
 - dropsy (Lk 14:3-4)
7. There was never a disease, sickness or injury which Jesus could not heal
8. There was no one to heal Jesus for the injuries that He received at Calvary. He healed others but no one could do for Him what He was doing.
9. Each of us who are Christians have been healed " _____ " by the Lord
- Isa 53:5 "...and by His scourging we are HEALED."

Acts 10:38 "You know of Jesus of Nazareth, how God anointed Him with the Holy Spirit and with power, and how He went about doing good and healing all who were oppressed by the devil, for God was with Him."

- (1) Jesus did not give hearing to every deaf person, sight to every blind person, nor raise all the dead.
- He did not _____ disease
 - He was providing evidence that He was the Christ (1 Tim 3:16)
 - These miracles showed the compassion of God
- (2) Jesus revealed that _____ was behind human suffering
- Lk 13:16 "And this woman, a daughter of Abraham as she is, whom Satan has bound for eighteen long years..."
 - Acts 10:38 "...healing all who were oppressed by the devil"
 - 1 Cor 15:26 "The last enemy that shall be abolished is death"
- (3) The healings on the Sabbath revealed the _____ of the Jewish hierarchy
- (4) The healings provided an opportunity to _____ God (Mt 9:8; 15:31; Lk 13:13) and be _____ (Lk 17:17-18)

